







Production of βglB – ACBM and βglB – BCBM, chimeric proteins presenting "beta-glucosidase" and "cellulose binding" domains

Mateus Galdino Cardoso (IC); Sandro Roberto Marana (PQ) Instituto de Química – Universidade de São Paulo mateus.galdino.cardoso@usp.br

Introduction

- Cellobiose is an inhibitor product of celluloses' catalytic degradation process carried by cellulases. These inhibitors act in the surface of cellulose crystal.
- Wild type beta-glucosidases can decrease the presence of cellobioses in the reactional system.
- Chimeric beta-glucosidases presenting a cellulose binding domain (CBD) can act directly in the surface of cellulose fibers, accelerating this process even more.
- Therefore, industries which processes depend on cellulose degradation (ethanol industries, for example) can be interested in those types of reactions.

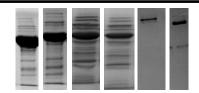
Main goals

- Express and purify chimeric enzymes $\beta glACBM$ and $\beta glBCBM$ (chimeric forms).
- Verify catalytic efficiency compared to their respective wild type ones

Methodology

- Expression was carried with pLate51 vector in BL21DE3 bacterias (E.coli)
- Purification was carried in Ni-NTA agarose resin, with additional ionic exchange chromatography (IEC) step for the chimeric ones.
- Activity assays were carried using Avicel as substrate, cellobiohydrolase (CBHI) and the purified enzymes. Negative controls of CBHI and enzymes were also carried..
- DNS was used for reductive power measurement, whereas TGO was used for glucose measurement using absorbance as reference.

Experimental results



βgIA/βgI ACBM	15,06
βglB/βgl BCBM	11,07

Image 1: SDS- Page gels: βglA βglB; βglACBM before IEC; βglBCBD before IECa; βglACBM after IECa; βglBCBM after IEC Table 1:
Enzymatic activity relation between wild - types and their respective chimeric ones

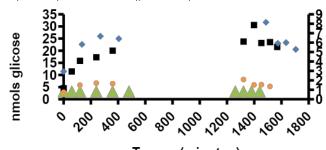


Image 2: Production of glucose using cellulose as substract for βgIA + CBHI (blue), βgIACBD + CBHI (orange), βgIB + CBHI (black) e βgIBCBD + CBHI (green). O left axis refers to βgIA; the right axis, to βgIB.

Conclusions

- Chimeric enzymes expression was succeeded, something that cannot be affirmed for their purification results.
- More studies are necessary for a real comparison between wild type enzymes and their respective chimerics..
- $$\beta gIA$$ presented higher values of activity than βgIB .